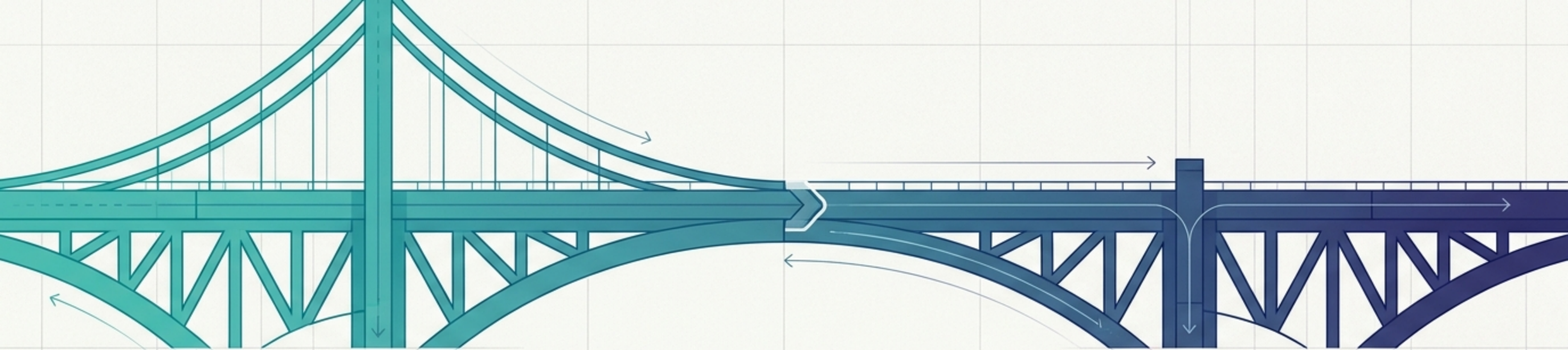




The Continuous Bridge

The ESCAP clinical playbook for **child-to-adult**
mental health service transitions

Based on the European Society for Child and Adolescent
Psychiatry (ESCAP) 2026 Clinical Guidelines



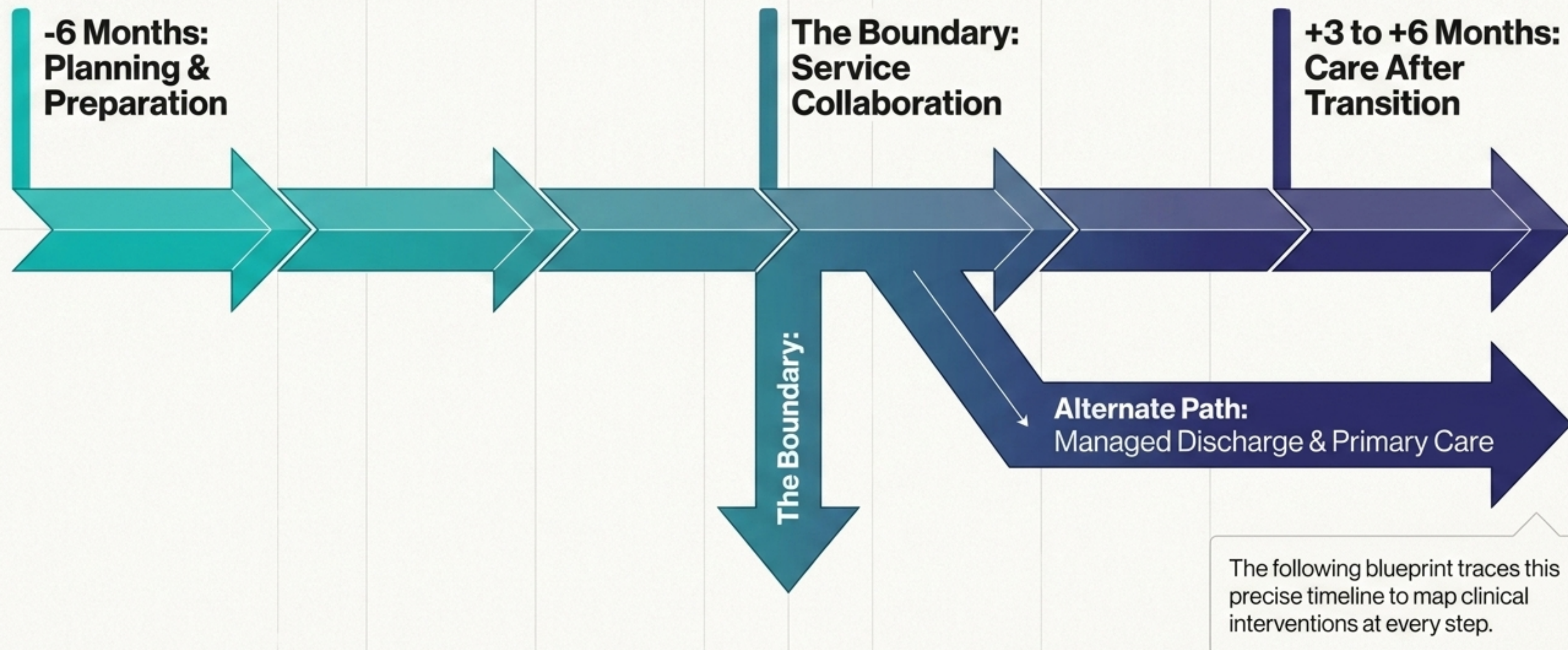
THE MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE BOUNDARY IS HISTORICALLY A CLIFF EDGE, LEADING TO DISRUPTED CARE AND HEIGHTENED RISK FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.

The current system presents an abrupt cessation of services, lacking continuity and coordination, which dramatically increases vulnerability and the likelihood of negative outcomes for adolescents reaching the service age limit.

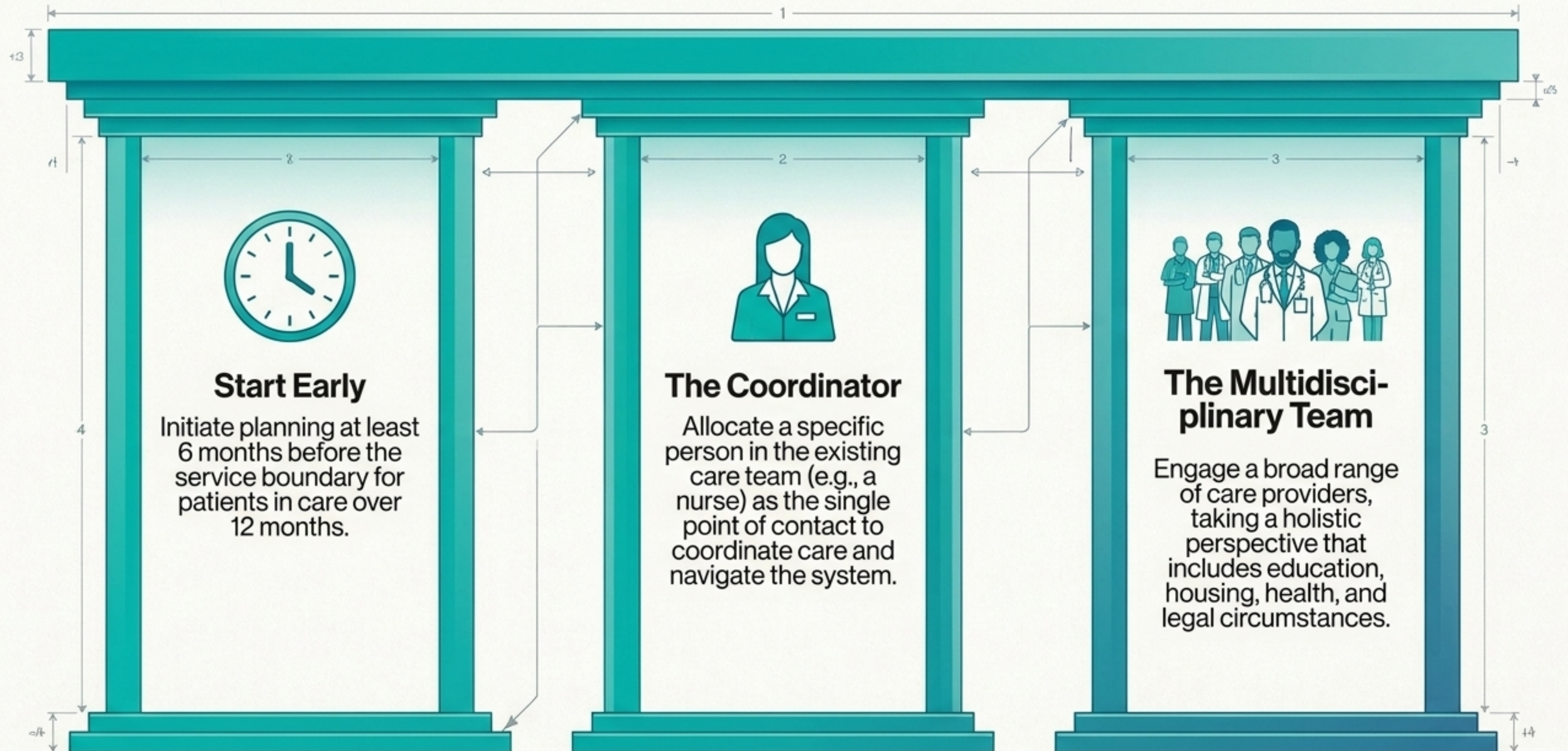
TRANSITION IS NOT A HANDOVER; IT IS A PROCESS OF PLANNED CONTINUITY. THIS BLUEPRINT MAPS THE EXACT CLINICAL ACTIONS AND MANAGERIAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS REQUIRED TO BUILD A CONTINUOUS BRIDGE ACROSS THE CAMHS-TO-AMHS BOUNDARY.

The proposed framework establishes a guided, multi-stage journey with shared responsibility, overlapping support, and clear clinical protocols, ensuring a seamless, supported, and effective transfer of care, minimizing risk and promoting long-term stability.

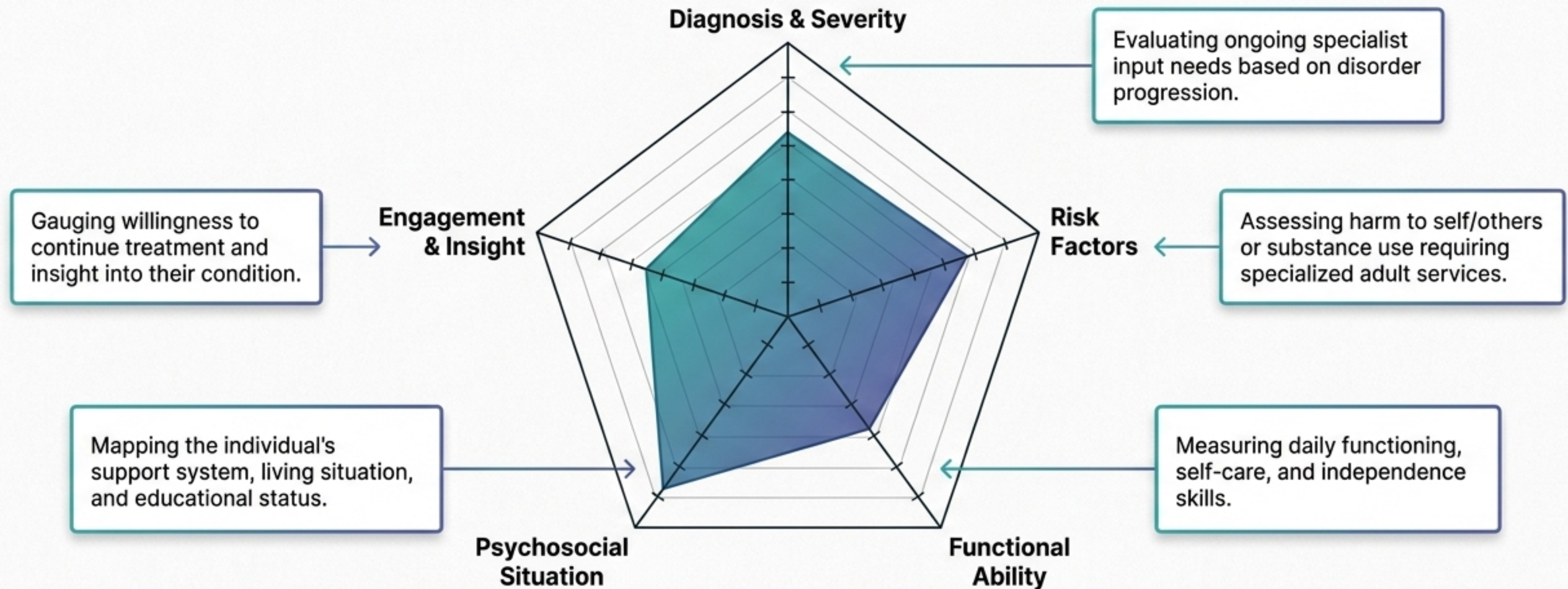
The Master Blueprint: Mapping the Clinical Journey



Initiating the Blueprint: The 6-Month Mark



The 6-Month Mark: The TRAM Readiness Radar

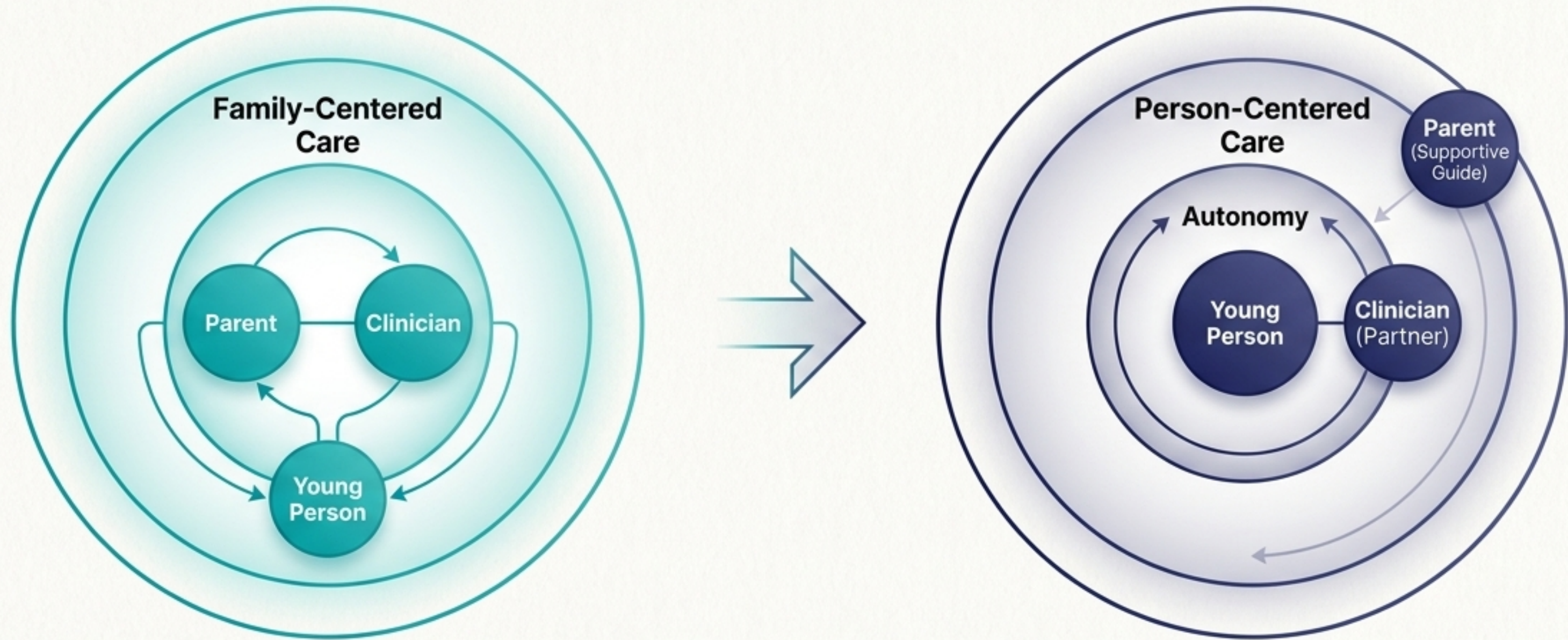


Takeaway: Assessing the overall level of impairment and risk takes priority over diagnosis alone.

The 6-Month Mark: The Destination Decision Matrix

Transition to AMHS (Specialist Care)	Managed Discharge (Primary & Community Care)
Profile: Severe conditions (psychosis, bipolar, severe depression/PTSD, eating disorders, complex comorbidities like type-1 diabetes).	Profile: Show improvement in mental health, lower impairment, symptom stability.
Needs: Requires specialist medication management, high suicide/self-harm risk management.	Needs: Less intensive support, routine medication management.
Action: Prioritize for full transition to Adult Mental Health Services.	Action: Step-down services, time-limited follow-ups, referral to GP or voluntary sector.

The 3-Month Mark: The Shift in the Care Paradigm



Key Actions: Prepare parents for this shift. Support options for parents to attend the first AMHS appointment, while developing alternative plans if the young person prefers independent engagement.

The 3-Month Mark: The Comprehensive Handover Toolkit



Diagnosis & Formulation

Clear written synthesis, acknowledging any evolving uncertainties.



Development & Strengths

Complete history of personal and environmental resources.



Medication History

Prescriptions, efficacy, and treatment history.



Accessible Records

Provide the young person with a secure, patient-held communication booklet or digital record for their first AMHS appointment.

Information must be accessible, age-appropriate, and explain differences between child and adult services.

The 1-Month Mark: Closure, Contingencies, and Peer Support

Main Path: Clinical Closure

Gradual CAMHS relationship closure.

Review progress, acknowledge achievements, and process emotions to avoid feelings of abandonment.

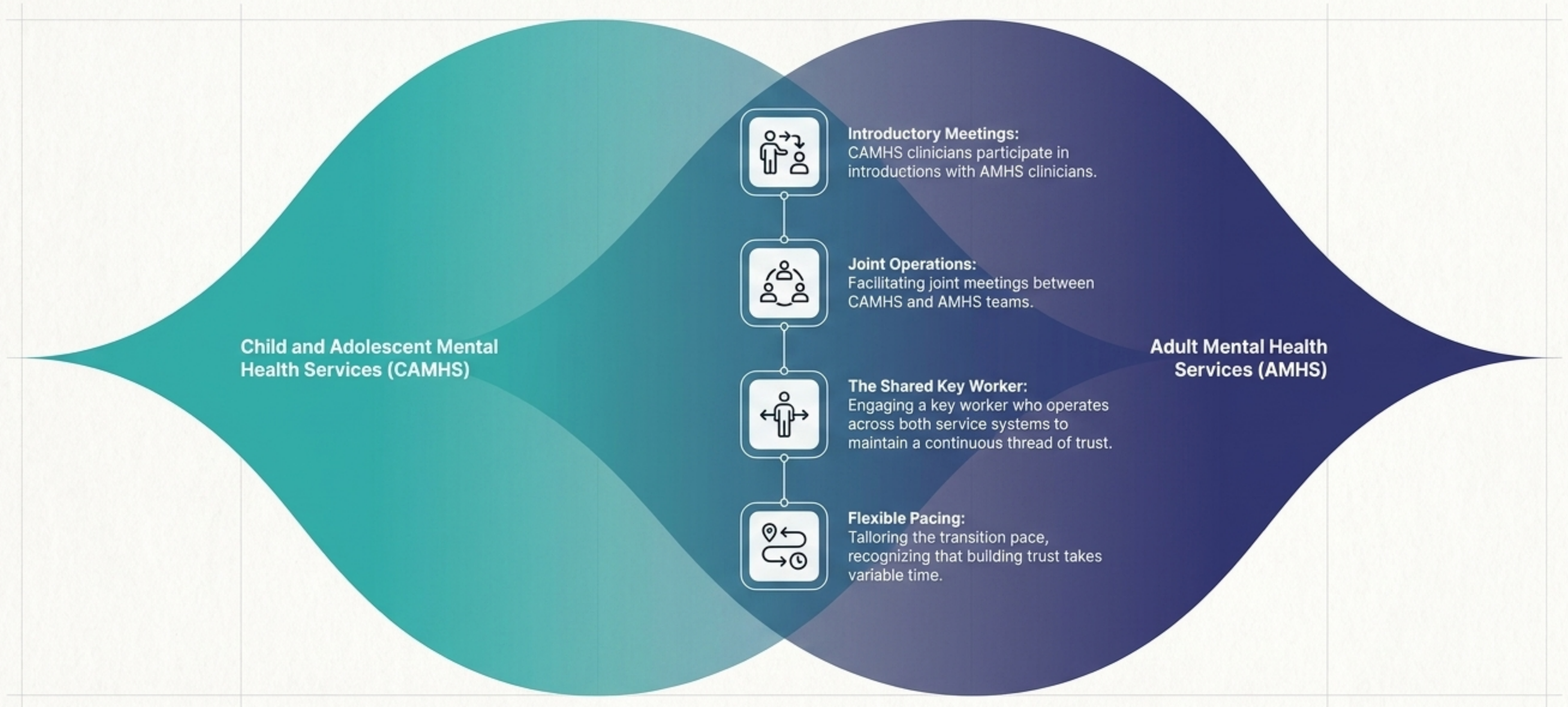
Introduce peer support networks.

Contingency Path: The Safety Net

Prepare for delays or unsuccessful transitions.

Provide emergency contact numbers, crisis services, and acknowledge that delays are common to reduce patient distress and manage expectations.

The Boundary: Inter-Service Collaboration



Alternate Path: The Managed Discharge Pathway



Psychoeducation & Self-Management

Age-appropriate symptom trackers and apps.



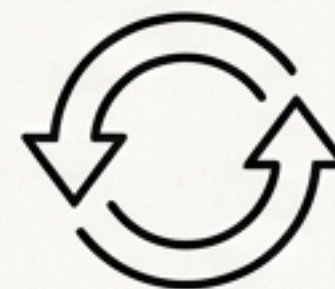
Medication Handover

Clear agreement on who prescribes (e.g., GP), treatment duration, and deprescribing guidance.



Primary & Community Integration

Active, 'warm' introductions to GP, peer groups, and vocational training (no passive leaflet dropping).



Rapid Re-entry & Crisis

Clear pathways established for re-accessing mental health services rapidly if symptoms relapse.

The +3 Month Mark: Landing in AMHS and Securing Engagement

The Pre-requisite

Ensure at least one AMHS appointment occurs before final CAMHS discharge.

Clinician Consistency Rule

The exact same AMHS clinician **MUST** see the young person for the first 2 appointments (extend to 3-4 if weekly support is needed) to build rapport and lower anxiety.

Proactive Follow-up

AMHS must actively pursue and follow up with young people who disengage within the first 3 months post-transition.



Environment Note: Physical spaces must be youth-friendly (WIFI, cozy spaces, digital communication options).

The +6 Month Mark: Closing the Loop and Measuring Impact

The Process

At 4 to 6 months post-transition, conduct a comprehensive evaluation of mental health outcomes.

The Tool

Utilize the Transition Outcome Measure (TROM) to match the initial TRAM assessment.

The Goal

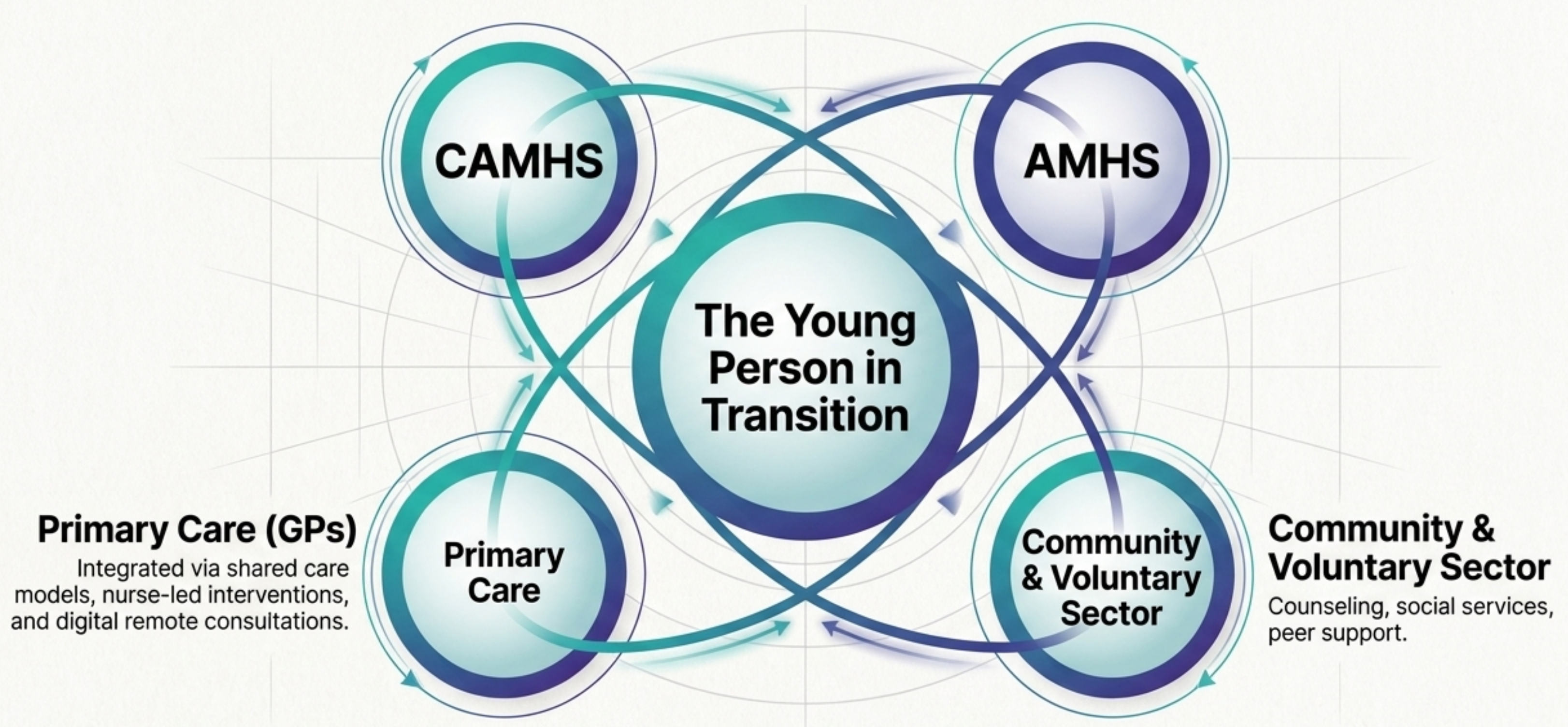
Assess the transition from multiple perspectives to ensure the young person has stabilized in their new care environment.



The Manager's Engine: Building the Backstage Blueprint



The Connected Ecosystem of Care



System Action: Service directories must be actively maintained and updated to eliminate referral friction between these spheres.

Co-Design and Continuous Refinement

Co-Design with Youth



Actively involve young people and families in designing youth-friendly, developmentally appropriate services.

Standardized Feedback Tools

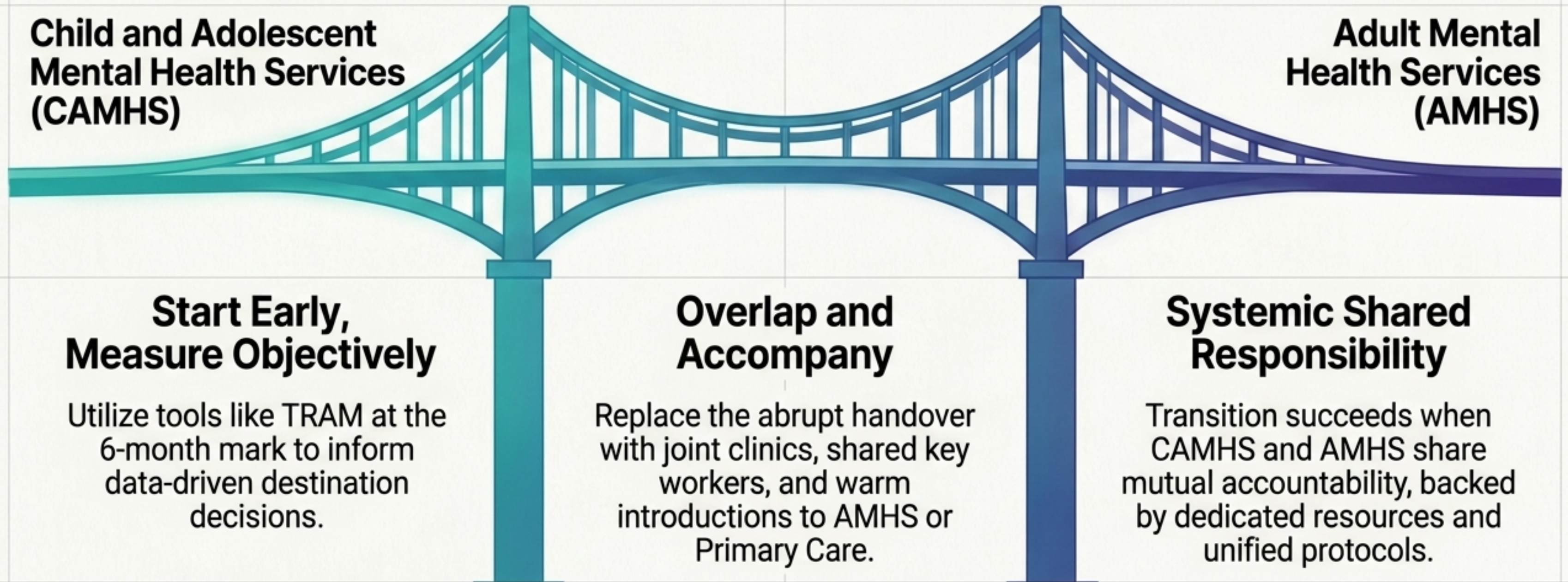


Equip clinicians to systematically capture service user experience at 6 months post-transition using validated tools:

- OYOF-TES (On Your Own Feet - Transition Experiences Scale)
- OYOF-EOC (End of Care version)

Takeaway: Use this data for ongoing policy reform and funding advocacy to address rigid timelines and waiting lists.

The Completed Bridge



Transition is not an administrative discharge—it is a critical therapeutic intervention.